Empowering weather & climate forecast: ML Apps & Datasets ML Workflow Tools Hardware Systems

Andreas Herten, Stepan Nassyr

Jülich Supercomputing Centre



"The MAELSTROM project has received funding from the European High-Performance Computing Joint Undertaking (JU) under grant agreement No 955513. The JU receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and United Kingdom, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Switzerland, Norway". SPONSORED BY THE Federal Ministry of Education and Research





Dedicated versions of MAELSTROM apps benchmarked on:





Jülich system: JUWELS (mostly Booster, but also Cluster)

E4 system: *Lido Adriano* system

Benchmarks run by application owners, guided by WP3 systems staff

Metrics selected in cooperation

Objective: Assess status, identify points of improvement, study hardware

Final goal: Provide bespoke W&C ML system design; fitting W&C ML applications

Metrics



- Total runtime
- Total training time
- Training time per epoch (avg, min, max)
- Training time per iteration (avg, min, max)
- Training time of first epoch
- Model saving time

Learning-related • Final loss (training, validation)



GPU power draw (max)Energy consumption (GPU, node)

3

JUWELS Booster

- 10 experiments
- 350 s per experiment; ¹/₃ training, ²/₃ data loading, 2% other

JUWELS Cluster

- 3 experiments
- 700 s per experiment, similar distribution

Lido Adriano

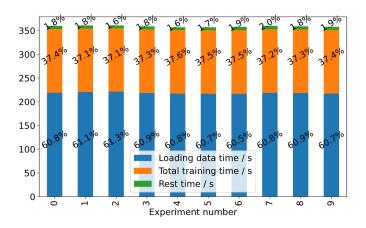
- 5 experiments
- 450 s per experiment, 28% training, 72 % data loading, 1% other

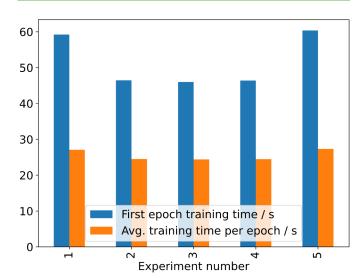
Mostly stable results over various experiments; first epoch always ~30% (JUWELS) / 2× (E4) slower

Summary:

- Bound by filesytem, not using GPUs very efficiently
- GPFS > NFS
- E4-A100 slower than JSC-A100

JUWELS Booster: Total Time Split





E4: Epoch Comparison

10.06.22

JUWELS Booster

- 440 s runtime; 98% training time; largely stable over 3 repetitions
- Experiments with various configurations: synthetic data; disabled cache in Tensorflow; different GPU number (1 or 2), different batch size (512 or 1024)
 - Disable cache: runtime increase 20%
 - GPU+batch size: runtime decrease 25%
 - Energy: 9.25 Wh/GPU (2-1024) vs 12.32 Wh/GPU (1-512)

JUWELS Cluster

• 824 s runtime, ~86 % slower than A100

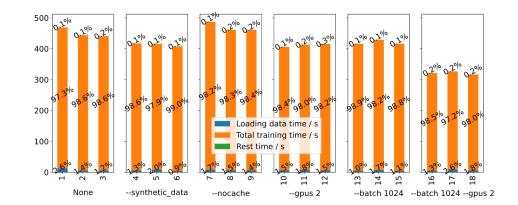
Lido Adriano

- Slightly faster: 390 s runtime
- Extra experiment: clear filesystem (NFS) cache by rebooting → 2.5 × slower; benefits from streaming data

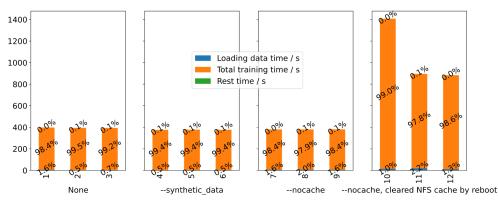
Additional tests with inference on JUWELS Booster

Summary:

- Compute-intensive application (little I/O impact)
- 2-GPU study (benefits from larger batch size)
- Caches used during streaming-in data important



E4: Epoch Overview, NFS Cache



JUWELS Booster

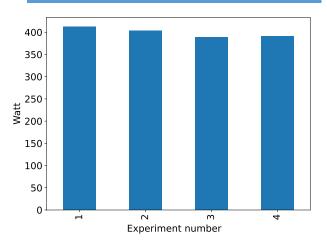
- 6400 s runtime; 70% training time, significant unaccounted time
- 150 Wh energy consumed, GPU max draw 400 W

Lido Adriano

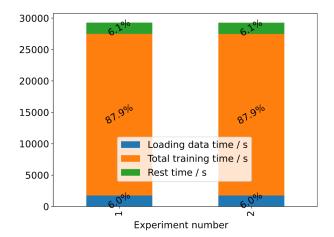
- Batch size: 2 (JUWELS Booster: 1)
- 25 729 s runtime; 88 % training time

Summary:

- Long runtime for easy statistical measurements
- Good GPU usage
- Investigate run 1 outlier



E4: Epoch Runtime Overview



JUWELS Booster

- Small data set: 75 s runtime, 92 % training
- Large data set: 1500 s runtime, 98% training
- First epoch 1.75 × (large) / 20 × (small) slower
- 300 W max, 45 Wh consumed

JUWELS Cluster

- Large data set: 2700 s runtime
- 300 W max, 190 Wh

Lido Adriano

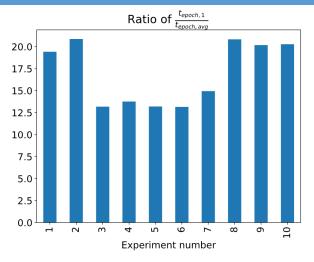
- Various experiments
- Large data set: 1600 s runtime, 94 % training

Additional tests with inference on JUWELS Booster

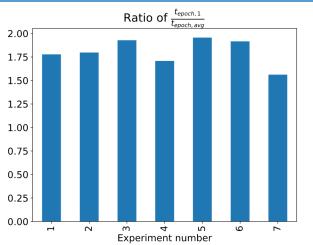
Summary:

- Small data set: Too short runtimes with curious behaviors
- Faster GPU, less energy

JUWELS Booster: Epoch Time Ratio (Small)









- Examples shown of selected MAELSTROM application benchmarks
- Applications × Configurations × Hardware = Many data points
- Investigation ongoing, already many specific (and interesting!) features identified
- Also spotted curiosities for further investigation

Much more data and results then presented here!

→ See <u>maelstrom-eurohpc.eu</u> website for D3.4, soon



Questions?



"The MAELSTROM project has received funding from the European High-Performance Computing Joint Undertaking (JU) under grant agreement No 955513. The JU receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and United Kingdom, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Switzerland, Norway".

SPONSORED BY THE Federal Ministry of Education and Research

